



**LEGEND**

**DEVONIAN (?)**  
Sawtooth Bay and Bette Harbour dykes

**EARLY CAMBRIAN**  
Foreau Formation  
Baskin Formation (subdivided into L'Anse-au-Diable, Crow Head and Blanc-Sablon members)

**NEOPROTEROZOIC - EARLY CAMBRIAN**  
L'Anse-au-Diable Formation  
Baskin Formation

**NEOPROTEROZOIC**  
Double Mer Formation  
Gibbet dykes  
Sawtooth Bay conglomerate

**LATE LABRADORIAN ANORHOIC AND MAFIC INTRUSIONS (P<sub>1</sub>, 1660 - 1600 Ma)**  
e.g. White Arm dykes and Sand Hill Bay Pond intrusion

**EARLY LABRADORIAN MAFIC AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS (P<sub>2</sub>, 1710 - 1660 Ma)**  
e.g. Alexis River anorthosite (designated here although age is uncertain)

**EARLY LABRADORIAN ANORHOIC AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS (P<sub>3</sub>, 1710 - 1660 Ma)**  
e.g. Alexis River anorthosite (designated here although age is uncertain)

**EARLY LABRADORIAN ANORHOIC AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS (P<sub>4</sub>, 1660 - 1600 Ma)**  
e.g. Beaver Brook and Pitou Pond plutons

**LATE MESOPROTEROZOIC (M, 1200 - 900 Ma)**  
**LATE POST-GRENVILLIAN INTRUSIONS (M<sub>2</sub>, ca. 975 - 955 Ma)**  
e.g. Chateau Pond granite

**EARLY POST-GRENVILLIAN INTRUSIONS (M<sub>1</sub>, ca. 985 - 975 Ma)**  
e.g. Upper North River intrusion

**SYN-GRENVILLIAN INTRUSIONS (M<sub>3</sub>, ca. 1085 - 985 Ma)**  
e.g. Upper North River intrusion

**PRE-GRENVILLIAN INTRUSIONS (M<sub>4</sub>, ca. 1200 - 1085 Ma)**  
e.g. Gilbert Bay pluton

**MIDDLE MESOPROTEROZOIC (M<sub>2</sub>, 1350 - 1200 Ma)**  
e.g. Upper North River intrusion

**PRE-GRENVILLIAN INTRUSIONS (M<sub>4</sub>, ca. 1200 - 1085 Ma)**  
e.g. Gilbert Bay pluton

**EARLY MESOPROTEROZOIC (M<sub>1</sub>, 1600 - 1350 Ma)**  
e.g. Upper Paradise River, Kylan Lake and 13B/12 intrusions, and Michael Gabbro

**LATE PALEOPROTEROZOIC AND EARLY MESOPROTEROZOIC (PM 1900 - 1350 Ma)**  
**RECRYSTALLIZED IGNEOUS ROCKS**

**MID PALEOPROTEROZOIC (P<sub>2</sub>, 2100 - 1800 Ma)**  
**LATE MID PALEOPROTEROZOIC (P<sub>1</sub>, 1900 - 1800 Ma)**  
**Granitoid and related intrusive rocks**

**Supracrustal rocks PROVISIONALLY ASSIGNED AS PITTS HARBOUR GROUP**

**SEDIMENTARY PROTHIOL**

**MAFIC AND ASSOCIATED INTRUSIVE ROCKS**

**SYMBOLS**

**Scale 1:100 000**

A preliminary coloured version of this map appeared page-size, together with a report based on data collected during the 1995 field season (Cowan and van Nieuwland, 1998). The present map also incorporates field data recorded by East (1982) and Emslie (1976), making use of original field notes recorded by K.E. Emslie and assistants and R.F. Emslie.

The map is augmented by follow-up examination of stained slabs, petrographic thin sections, and whole-rock geochemical analyses. Litho-geological features (Emslie and Hunt, 1995; Cowan et al., 2008), and topographic data (R.A. Chabot, unpublished - see digital database) are also shown. Locations designated as mineral occurrences are based on observations made during the 1995 field season (see Mineral Occurrence Table, column 2).

Since the preliminary report, there has been minor re-interpretation and redefinition of geological boundaries and units. The changes result from a compilation approach applied to the whole of eastern Labrador, and from integration with data from adjacent map areas. Data within locations are based on GPS-assigned readings. Geological boundaries are poorly controlled, being positioned from outcrop data and extrapolated using structural observations, regional aeromagnetic data and topographic trends.

As is characteristic of metamorphic and plutonic terranes, individual outcrops are typically very complex, and commonly embody several different rock types. Generally, the unit polygon depicted is based on what was judged to be the dominant rock type present, but this approach was not universally followed, due to the existence of specific situations, such as the need to emphasize minor rock types deemed to have high significance. All rock types recorded from any individual outcrop may be identified by consulting the litho-geological database that locally given in the digital database. The user is alerted to the fact that, in the digital database, no attempt has been made to reassign rock names applied to field outcrops, versus those applied to general slabs, or petrographic thin sections. Differences may be due to subsequent, more refined specifications, but other reasons may apply, such as the sample (or this section) not being representative of its source material. Unit designator and polygon labels applied are based on an awareness of such factors.

**Recommended citation**  
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**Digital NTS base maps (NTS 13G/01, 02, 07 and 08)** used for this map are available from Surveys and Mapping Branch, Natural Resources Canada.  
Magnetic declination at the centre of the map at the start of 2010 was 22° 40' W.  
Elevations are in metres above sea level. Contour interval is 20 metres.  
UTM (Universal Transverse Mercator) Grid Zone 21, NAD (North American Datum) 83.

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**Notes:**  
This map is a work of the Geological Survey of Newfoundland and Labrador, P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, NL, A1B 4X8, Canada. Email: pub@gov.nl.ca

**Mineral Occurrence Data Sources**

**Geological Data Sources**

**ISOTOPIC DATA**

**MINERAL OCCURRENCE DATA SOURCES**

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